Shindaiwa®

OWNER'S AND OPERATORS MANUAL

SOUND-PROOF DIESEL ENGINE GENERATOR

DGA50C

| Do not operate t | |
|------------------|--|

Do not operate the equipment before you have read and understood the instructions for use.

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DGA50C X750-023 80 1 X750801-250 3

Introduction

Thank you for purchasing Shindaiwa Sound Proof Diesel Engine Generator.

- This user manual was created to ensure the safe operation of this equipment. Therefore, the manufacturer of this equipment strongly recommends that the user follow the instructions herein, to avoid unnecessary accidents and repairs.
- Please operate this equipment after thoroughly reviewing and understanding the contents of this manual.
- Please attach this manual, if the equipment will be sub-leased.
- Please store this manual near the equipment for easy reference.
 - Following convention will be used throughout the manual to indicate the degree of cautions.

| Danger | Can cause serious injuries or death. |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A Caution | Can cause minor injuries or damage to the equipment or other properties. |
| <caution></caution> | Other types of caution |

Even some of the items noted in **Caution** may lead to serious injuries.

Please read all item and follow all the safety guidelines.

1 Safety Guidelines

Danger : Suffocation from exhaust fume

Exhaust fume from the engine contains many elements harmful to human. Do not operate this equipment in poorly ventilated area, such as inside a room or in a tunnel.

Danger : Electric Shock

- Do not insert metal objects (such as pin or wire) into plug-in receptacles.
- Do not touch wiring or electric parts inside the equipment during operation.
- Ground the every grounding terminal to the earth as set in the manual. If even one of all is unconnected by mistake or accident, it will be much more dangerous for human than the NO-RELAY case, because leaking current inevitably goes through the body.
- Even when the ELCB in the load is grounded to the earth, be sure to connect the terminal of bonnet in the equipment.
- Be sure to check the resistor value of the equipment periodically so that you can avoid the electric shock caused by electric leakage
- Before connecting or disconnecting a load cable from output receptacles, always turn the circuit breaker to OFF position.

• Before performing any equipment check or maintenance, stop the engine, and remove the engine key. A person performing the maintenance should always keep the key.

Danger : Injuries

 Close all doors and place locks during operating this equipment, to avoid injuries by unintentionally touching cooling fan and fan belt.

Caution : Suffocation from exhausting fume

Do not point the exhaust fume toward pedestrians or building.

Caution : Injuries to eye and skin

 Battery fluid contains diluted sulfuric acid. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or on clothing. If the acid comes in contact, especially with eyes, flush with a lot of water, and contact your physician immediately.

Caution : Explosion

- Do not use the equipment or charge the battery, in the case the battery fluid level is lower than the LOWER level.
- Battery may emit some combustible gas, so keep it away from fire and sparks.

Caution : Fire

- The equipment uses Diesel Oil as a fuel. When refueling, always stop the engine and keep away from fire. Moreover, always wait until the engine cools down before refueling.
- Always wipe any drip of Diesel fuel or lubrication oil. Do not use this equipment when a leak is found. Repair the equipment before use.
- Temperature around muffler and exhaust can get extremely high. Keep any inflammable items (such as fuel, gas, paint, etc.) away from the equipment.
- Always operate this equipment on flat surface and, at least 1 meter away from any objects (wall, box, etc.).
- Do not connect AC output to any indoor wiring.
- Always wait until the equipment cools down, before placing any covering materials for storage.

Caution : Burns

- Never open the radiator cap during operation or just after engine stops as hot vapor may belch out.
- Do not touch the engine and muffler during operation and immediately after stopping the equipment, for the temperature can reach extremely high.

• When checking engine oil or changing oil, always stop the engine, and wait until the engine cools down. If you open either the oil gauge or the oil plug during operation, hot oil may cause some injury.



Caution : Injuries

- When lifting the equipment, always use a lift hook. Do not lift a handle, for it may cause equipment to drop due to handle breaking off.
- Always place the equipment on a flat and stable surface, to keep the equipment from sliding.
- When starting the engine, turn off the connected equipment and set the circuit breaker to OFF position.
- Do not move the equipment during operation.
- When performing equipment check and maintenance, always stop the engine.
- Do not operate the equipment, if the equipment is being modified or if the parts are removed.

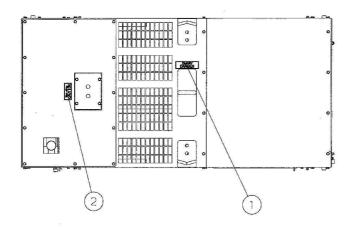
Location of Warning labels

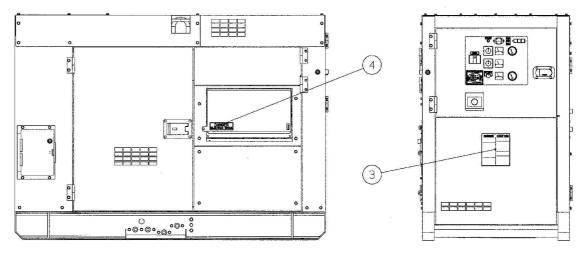
When warning label becomes unreadable or damaged,

place new label at the appropriate location as specified in the following figure. When ordering the label, use the following part numbers.

- 1. Injuries
- 2. Caution (coolant)
- 3. Safety Precaution
- 4. Caution (Electric Shock)

(No.19402-00210) (No.19402-00295) (No.19402-00306) (No.19402-00215)





2 Specifications

2-1. Data

| ~ | Dala | | | | |
|-----------|----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------|--|--|
| | | Unit | DGA50C | | |
| | Generating Method | - | Rotating Filed, Brushless 3-Phase | | |
| | • | | Synchronous Generator | | |
| | Rated Output | kVA | 50 | | |
| | | kW | 40 | | |
| or | Rated Voltage | V | 415 | | |
| Generator | Rated Current | А | 69.6 | | |
| ene | Rated Frequency | Hz | 50 | | |
| Ğ | Rated Speed | min ⁻¹ | 1500 | | |
| | Phase & Wiring | - | 3-Phase 3-Wire | | |
| | Power Factor | % | 80 | | |
| | Insulation Class | - | Alternator: F Exciter: B | | |
| | Exciting Method | - | Self Excitation(Brushless) | | |
| | Poles | - | 4 | | |
| | Method | - | Vertical, Water-cooled 4-Cycle, Diesel Engine | | |
| | Model No. | - | Isuzu BB-4BG1T | | |
| | Cylinder-bore x troke | mm | 4-105 x 125 | | |
| | Continuous Rated Output | kW{PS} | 48.5{66.0} | | |
| | Speed | min ⁻¹ | 1500 | | |
| | Displacement | L | 4.329 | | |
| | Combustion Method | - | Direct Injection(Turbo-charged) | | |
| ine | Cooling Method | - | Water-cooling radiator | | |
| Engine | Lubricating | - | Trochoid pump, force-feed lubrication | | |
| ш | Starting | - | Starter Motor | | |
| | Fuel | - | Diesel | | |
| | Oil | - | SAE Class CD or higher | | |
| | Fuel Tank Capacity | L | 160 | | |
| | Lubricant Volume | L | 13.2(including filter 1.1 L) | | |
| | Coolant Volume | L | 17(including sub-tank 1.5 L) | | |
| | Starter Motor Cap. | V-kW | 24 - 4.5 | | |
| | Alternator Cap. | V-A | 24 - 20 | | |
| | Battery | - | 95D31R x 2 | | |
| C | Length | mm | 2000 | | |
| sior | Width | mm | 950 | | |
| ens | Height | mm | 1430 | | |
| Dimension | Dry Weight | kg | 1431 | | |
| С | Installed Weight | kg | 1590 | | |
| | | | | | |

2-2. Ambient Condition

Be sure to use the equipment under the following ambient condition range. Otherwise the condition may cause damage, insufficient output or durability shortage to the equipment.

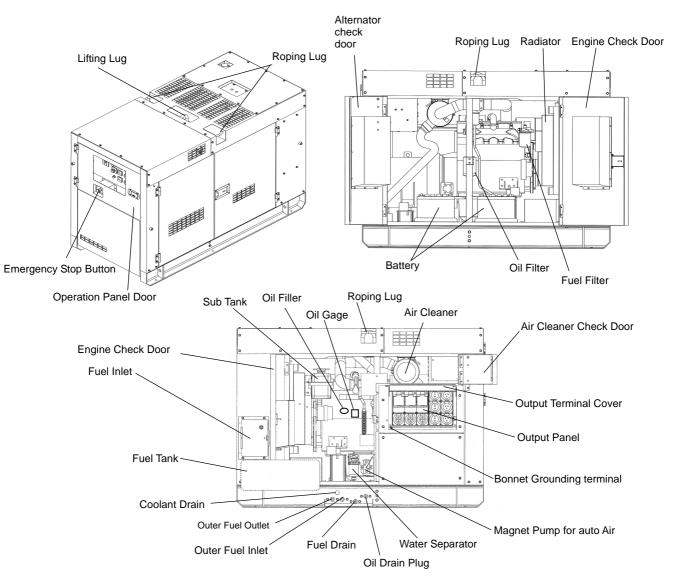
- Ambient : Temperature: from -15 to 40 degree Celsius
- Relative : Humidity: less than 80%
- Altitude : Less than 300m

3 Use

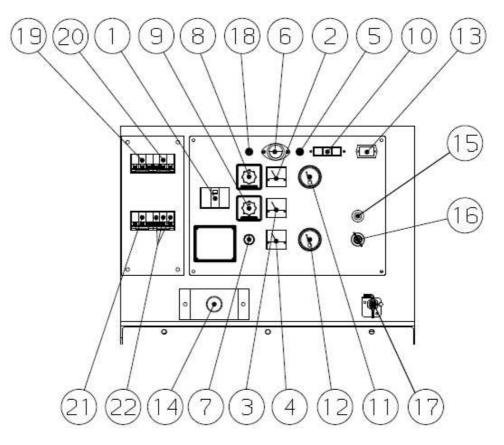
- Power Supply for submersible Pump, etc.
- Power Supply for lightings, etc.
- Power Supply for electric tools, home appliances

4 Parts (Components)

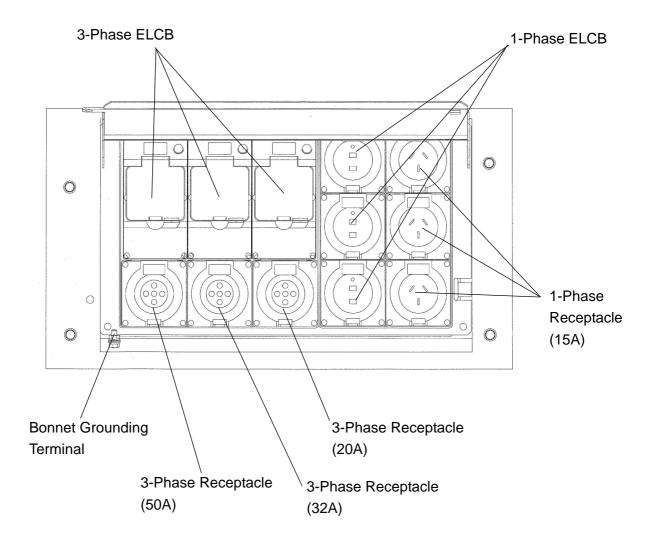
4-1. Outer and Main Components



4-2. Operation Panel



| 1 | Main Circuit Breaker | 12 | Fuel Gauge |
|----|------------------------------|----|-----------------------------|
| 2 | Volt Meter | 13 | Hour Meter |
| 3 | Ampere Meter | | Emergency Stop Button |
| 4 | Frequency Meter | | Preheat Lamp |
| 5 | Panel Light Switch | 16 | Starter Switch |
| 6 | Panel Light | | Battery Isolator |
| 7 | Voltage Regulator | 18 | Pilot Lamp |
| 8 | Volt Meter Selector Switch | 19 | 3-Phase Breaker(50A) GREEN |
| 9 | Ampere Meter Selector Switch | 20 | 3-Phase Breaker(32A) RED |
| 10 | Monitor Lamp | 21 | 3-Phase Breaker(20A) YELLOW |
| 11 | Water Temperature Meter | 22 | 1-Phase Breaker(15A) BLUE |



5 Equipment

5-1. Monitor Lamp



The equipment is incorporated in monitoring function of WATER TEMP, BATTERY CHARGING & OIL PRESSURE.

Under normal condition, when the starter switch changes from STOP to RUN, all the lamps of BATTERY CHARGING and OIL PRESSURE turn ON. When the engine starts, all the lamps turn OFF.

When abnormality is detected about WATER TEMP and OIL PRESSURE, the corresponding monitor lamp will flash, and the engine is automatically shutdown. When the automatic shutdown is engaged, turn the starter switch to STOP position once, and then restart the engine. In the event the automatic shutdown happens after that, check which lamp turns ON or OFF and point out where is the abnormality.

(1) Coolant / Water Temperature Monitor Lamp

Danger : Injuries

 Close all doors and place during operating this equipment, to avoid injuries by unintentionally touching cooling fan and fan belt.

Caution : Burns

- Do not open the radiator cap while operating this equipment or immediately after stopping the equipment, to avoid sustaining burns from hot vapor.
- Do not touch the engine and muffler during operation and immediately after stopping the equipment, for the temperature can reach extremely high.

When the water temperature rises over 105°C, the coolant/water temperature

monitor lamp will flash, and the automatic shutdown of engine will be engaged. When this occurs, check the coolant/water reservoir tank, and replenish if needed.

(Refer to "8-2 Checking coolant/water』)



If the water level is normal, there may be a possibility of loose fan belt or water leakage in coolant lines. Check it after the engine cools down. <**Caution>**

> Be sure to check the volume in the radiator sub-tank before operation as it cannot detect the water temperature When the water volume is insufficient.

Danger : Injuries

• Close all doors and place during operating this equipment, to avoid injuries by unintentionally touching cooling fan and fan belt.

Caution: Burns

- Do not touch the engine and muffler during operation and immediately after stopping the equipment, for the temperature can reach extremely high.
- Do not open the radiator cap while operating this equipment or immediately after stopping the equipment, to avoid sustaining burns from hot vapor.
- When checking engine oil or changing oil, always stop the engine, and wait until the engine cools down. If you open either the oil gauge or the oil plug during operation, hot oil may cause some injury.



When the engine oil pressure drops below 0.98 x 100kPa {1kgf/cm²} during operation, the oil pressure monitor lamp will flash, and the automatic shutdown will be engaged.

OIL PRESS

When this occurs, check the engine oil level, and replenish to the maximum level if needed.

<Caution>

- The engine oil pressure monitor cannot detect the degradation of engine oil itself. Please check the engine oil periodically, and change if needed. (Refer to 『8-1. Checking engine oil』)
- (3) Battery Charge Monitor Lamp (Charging Lamp)



When the battery turns unable to be charged during operation, the battery charge monitor lamp will flash. In the event this occurs, stop the engine consult with the authorized distributor or our engineering section.

CHARGE

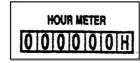
<Caution>

 The battery charge monitor cannot detect the degradation of the battery nor the battery fluid level. Check the battery fluid level periodically. (Refer to [®]8-6. Checking Battery[®])

5-2. Meters

Meters in the engine

(1) Hour Meter



Hour Meter keeps track of utilization time. Use this meter to schedule your Periodical Maintenance. Note that the Hour Meter will operate, as long as the start switch is at ON position, regardless of whether the engine is running or stopped.

(2) Water Temperature Gauge



Water Temperature Gauge displays the temperature of engine coolant. Normal temperature may vary depending on the environment, but it should be between 75°C and 100°C.

<Caution>

• If the temperature exceeds normal value, disconnect the load, idle the engine at 1000min⁻¹, and wait until the reading falls to the normal temperature range.

(3) Fuel Gauge

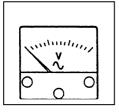


It shows the volume in the fuel tank.

When the hand is approaching to $\[\]^E E_{a}\]$, the volume is coming to empty. Replenish fuel enough promptly.

Generator Gauges

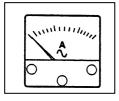
(1) Volt Meter



Voltage Meter displays the output voltage (Phase to Phase) from the generator.

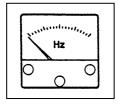
Please check and confirm it showing 415V at 50Hz during operation.

(2) Ampere Meter



Ampere Meter displays the output current (Phase) from the generator.

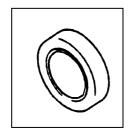
(3) Frequency Meter



Frequency meter will display the frequency of the generator. Please check it showing 50Hz during operation.

Lamps

(1) Preheat Lamp

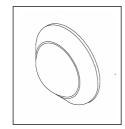


When the starter switch is turned to <Preheat> position, the preheat lamp will be turned ON. The preheat lamp will be turned OFF after preheating completes showing the engine start possible

<Caution>

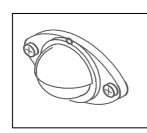
• Preheating time varies to coolant temperature, usually within 25 seconds.

(2) Pilot Lamp



The lamp indicates whether or not the equipment is generating electricity when the engine is running.

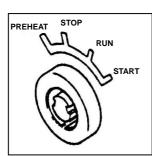
(3) Panel Light



Panel light turns ON to illuminate the panel, when turning the switch (by the light) to ON.

Switchs

(1) Starter Switch



1. Stop

When the switch is set to this position, all power will be off. The switch must be set to this position to remove the key.

2. Run

The switch must be set to this position during operation.

<Caution>

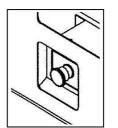
- Do not leave the switch to this position, while the engine is stopped. Otherwise the battery is discharged.
- 3. Start

This position is to start the engine. When the key is released, the setting will automatically return to <RUN> position.

4. Preheat

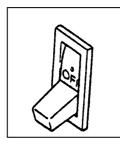
This position is used during cold season, to preheat Glow Plug.

(2) Emergency Stop Button



This button is used to stop the engine in emergency. By inserting the button, the engine stops. Be sure to restore the starter switch to STOP and re-set the button, turning clockwise after using the emergency stop button.

(3) Main Circuit Breaker



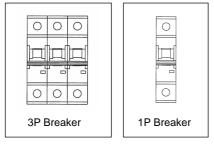
By turning this circuit breaker on the control panel to ON, Power will be transferred to the output receptacles and to the load side.

The breaker trips to OFF, either overload or short-circuit.

<Caution>

- Do not use ELCB as the ON/OFF switch to the load.
- (4) 3-Phase Circuit Breaker

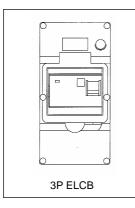
1-Phase Circuit Breaker

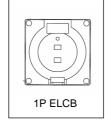


Each receptacle, 3-Phase and 1-Phase is incorporated with circuit breaker respectively. The breaker trips on overload or short-circuit on to stop power transmission to load.

<Caution>

- Do not use this breaker as the ON/OFF switch to the load.
- (5) 3-Phase Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker (3P ELCB) 1-Phase Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker (1P ELCB)



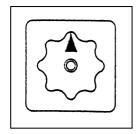


Each receptacle, 3-Phase and 1-Phase is incorporated with ELCB respectively. When current leak occurs, it trips to stop power transmission to load.

<Caution>

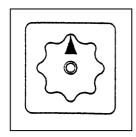
• Do not use this breaker as the ON/OFF switch to the load

(6) Volt Meter Selector Switch



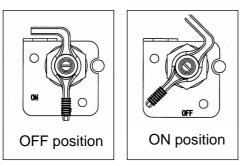
By changing the switch, the voltmeter displays the voltage between the lines.

(7) Ampere Meter Selector Switch



The phase current displays in the meter, by switching to each phase (R, S and T) position.

(8) Battery Isolator



When turning the switch to OFF, the engine electric circuit does not activate due to no battery power.

Voltage Regulator

(1) Voltage Regulator



The dial adjusts generator output voltage.

By turning the dial clockwise, you can increases the voltage.

By turning the dial counter-clockwise, you can decrease the voltage.

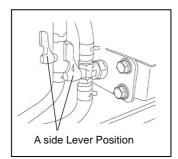
5-3. Fuel Line Changeover Valve (3-way valve)

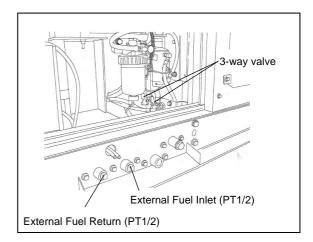
Caution : Fire

- Always stop the engine when performing any work on the fuel line.
- Always wipe any drip of Diesel fuel or engine oil. Do not use this equipment, when a leak is found. Repair the equipment before use.
- Be sure to confirm that there is no leakage in the piping.

By switching the 3-way valve, you can use fuel from external fuel tank. In this case, the built-in tank fuel cannot be used.

(1) Using fuel from built-in fuel tank The lever for 3-way valve is set to
A when the equipment is shipped. Outer fuel inlet and return are closed with plugs (PT1/2). Use fuel as they are.





<Caution>

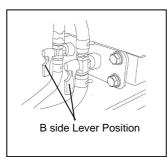
- After having used the outer fuel and removed piping, be sure to set the lever to A position and fix the plugs.
- (2) Using fuel from external fuel tank

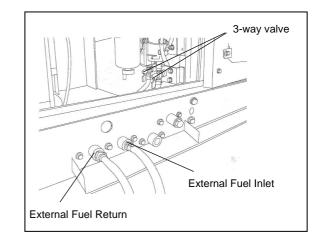
Connect hoses from the external fuel tank to the external fuel intake and the external fuel return ports, and set the lever for 3-way valve to **B** position.

You can now supply the fuel from

the external gas tank.

For detailed instructions, refer to [©]9-6.Connecting to External Fuel Tank_a



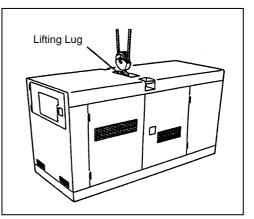


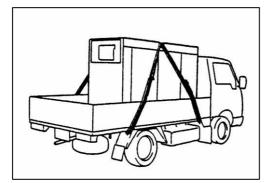
6 Transportation and installation

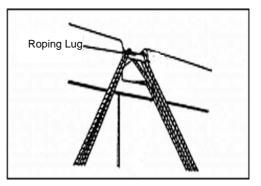
6-1. How to transport



- When lifting the equipment, always use a lift hook.
- Never use roping lug for lifting the unit, for it may cause equipment to drop.
- Lifting the equipment
 Always use a Lift lug, when lifting
 the equipment for transportation.
- (2) Transporting the equipment When transporting the equipment, make sure that the equipment is secured properly with ropes tied to the roping lugs through.







<Caution>

• Always use extreme care when loading, unloading, and transporting the equipment, otherwise damages and malfunction of the equipment may bring.

6-2. Installation

Danger : Suffocation from exhaust gas

• Exhaust fumes from the engine contains many elements harmful to humans. Do not operate this equipment in poorly ventilated area, such as inside a room or in a tunnel

Caution : Suffocation from exhaust gas

• Do not point the exhaust fume toward pedestrians or buildings.

Caution : Fire

- Always operate this equipment on flat surface and, at least 1 meter away from any objects (wall, box, etc.).
- Temperature around muffler and exhaust can get extremely high. Keep any inflammable items (such as fuel, gas, paint, etc.) away from the equipment.
- Always set the equipment on hard, flat surface.
- Keep the equipment at least 1m from a wall or any obstacles, to allow workable space to access the control panel and opening of the panel door.

<Caution>

- This equipment must be operated on hard and flat surface. Operating under any other conditions may result in malfunctions.
- Do not block the airflow from radiator vent or muffler exhaust. It may result in reduced engine performance, overheating, or damage to the electrical parts.
- Operating in dusty area or salty air (by the ocean), or any other particulate environment may result in clogged radiator, which may cause overheating, other malfunctions and insulation deterioration. Use extreme care, frequent checks and maintenance.

7 Connecting Load

7-1. Select Load Cable

Select the cable with proper gauge, based on its allowable amperage and the distance between the generator and the machinery to be connected.

Caution : Damage to properties

- If the load exceeds the allowable amperage, the damage to the cable may be damaged in overheating.
- If the cable is either too long or too small gauge, there will be greater voltage drop between cables which brings voltage drop to loads. It may result in reduced performance in the connected loads, malfunction, or damages.

<Caution>

 It is recommended to select the proper gauge and length of cable, in consideration of the maximum 5% marginal drop only for the rated voltage, between the terminals of loads and generator via the cables.

Expedient Formula: the voltage drop of cables

• 3-Phase 3-Wire

Voltage Drop (V) = $\frac{1}{58}$ × $\frac{\text{Length (m)}}{\text{Dia (mm²)}}$ × Current (A) × $\sqrt{3}$

• 1-Phase 2-Wire

Voltage Drop (V) = $\frac{1}{58}$ $\frac{\text{Length (m)}}{\text{Dia (mm^2)}} \times \text{Current (A) } \times 2$

7-2. Connecting Load Cable

Danger : Electric Shock

• Before connecting or disconnecting a load cable from output receptacles, always turn a circuit breaker to OFF position, stop the engine, and remove the engine key. The person performing the maintenance should always keep the key.

Caution : Fire

• Do not connect AC output to any indoor wiring.

<Caution>

- Divide loads into 3 circuits proportionally as possible, when using the maximum output power especially, and connect them to each phase (R,S,T) respectively.
- Be careful to limit the current under the rated current per the phase.
- Note that the 1-phase output power decreases when 3-phase output power is used simultaneously.
- Be careful to limit the total current under the rated output current when using 1-Phase and 3-Phase output simultaneously.

7-3. Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker (ELCB) and Grounding

Danger : Electric Shock

- Ground the every grounding terminal to the earth as set in the manual. If even one of all is unconnected by mistake or accident, it will be much more dangerous for human than the NO-RELAY case, because leaking current inevitably goes through the body.
- Even though all the bonnets of the loads have been grounded to the earth, the earth grounding terminal and the outer bonnet (canopy) grounding terminal should be grounded to the earth.
- Grounding should be made after the engine is stopped.
- Whenever the Earth leakage breaker is activated, you should always repair the leaking place first of all.

The generator is provided with the earth leakage circuit breaker(ELCB) to detect any Leakage produced due to such the trouble as insulation failure of the load while the generator is running and to cut off the circuit for protection against any accident such as electrical shock resulting from the trouble.

The specification of ELCB;

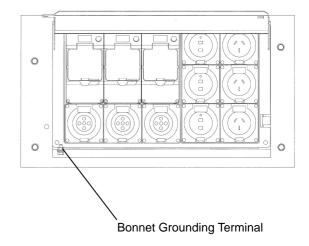
- Rated Sensitive Current: 30mA (or below) (Grounding resistance: 500Ω or below)
- Sensitive time: Within 0.1second
- (1) Grounding Work

The qualified electrician should perform the grounding of the following 2 points (500 Ω or below).

- The Bonnet (Canopy) grounding terminal of the generator.
- The Bonnet of the load.

<Caution>

 In the event you cannot ground the generator to the earth, consult with the authorized distributor or our engineering section.



(2) Operation Check

Danger : Electric Shock / Injuries

 Before turning ELCB to ON position, ensure that the breakers or the switches of loads are positioned to OFF. You should communicate well with the electrician by the load side when operating ELCB.

Before operating the generator, check always if the device can work.

• Actuation test of the Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker



Ensure that the breakers and the switches of loads are positioned to OFF.



Ensure every breaker to set OFF. Refer to [©]4-2.Operation Panel_a and [©]4-3.Output Panel_a



Following the procedure in 9-1, Initializing / Preparation,start an engine.

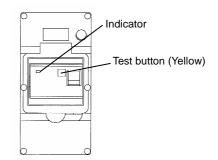


Turn every breaker and ELCB to ON. Push the RESET (Green) button on the 1-Phase ELCB. Confirm the red lamp on the 1-Phase ELCB turned ON and the indicator on the 3-Phase ELCB turns RED display.



Push the TEST button (Yellow) on 3-Phase ELCB.

Indicator changes to Green from RED and ELCB trips to OFF, Which shows NORMAL. Lamp RESET button (Green) TEST button (Blue)







Push the TEST button (Blue) on 1-Phase ELCB. Red lamp turns to OFF and ELCB trips to OFF, Which shows NORMAL.

In the event you cannot complete every step of the above procedure to the end, the device is out of order. Consult with our authorized distributor or our engineering section and ask to repair. (3) ELCB has activated.

When the ELCB has activated, repair the leakage point and restore it by the following procedure.

(Overload happens when the breaker activates but the Earth leakage breaker does not activate.)



Turn the 3-Phase ELCB to ON to restore. Turn the 1-Phase ELCB to RESET to restore.

By the above procedure, you can reset the ELCB to ON positions.

8 Initialization and Pre-check

Danger : Electric Shock / Injuries

• Before performing any equipment check or maintenance, stop the engine, and remove the engine key. The person performing the maintenance should always keep the key.

Caution : Fire / Burns

• When checking engine, always stop the engine, and keep away from fire. Wait until the engine cools down, before performing any checks.

Caution : Fire

 Always wipe any drip of fuel or oil. Do not use this equipment when a leak is found. Repair the equipment before use.

8-1. Checking engine oil

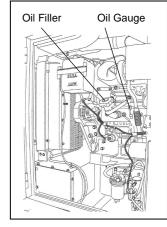
*Please refer to the user's manual for Engine separately

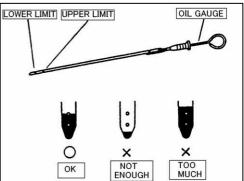
When checking for engine oil, be sure to keep the equipment leveled, and insert (not screw in forcibly) the oil gauge all the way in.

Prior to starting the equipment, make sure to fill the engine oil to the UPPER LIMIT line through the oil filler.

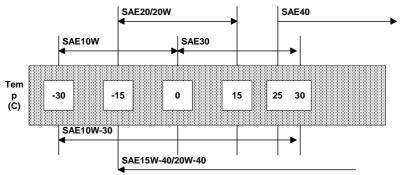
<Caution>

- Check engine oil volume IN 10-20 MINUTES LATER, always after stopping engine or replenishing fuel.
- If the equipment is not leveled, you cannot obtain accurate oil level.
- Do not overfill the engine oil. The excessive amount of engine oil may damage the engine.
- Selecting proper engine oil
 Use the API class CD grade or higher.
- (2) Use the engine oil for Diesel engine with proper viscosity, based on the temperature (refer to the chart below).





• Viscosity and temperature



(3) Replacing Engine Oil Volume

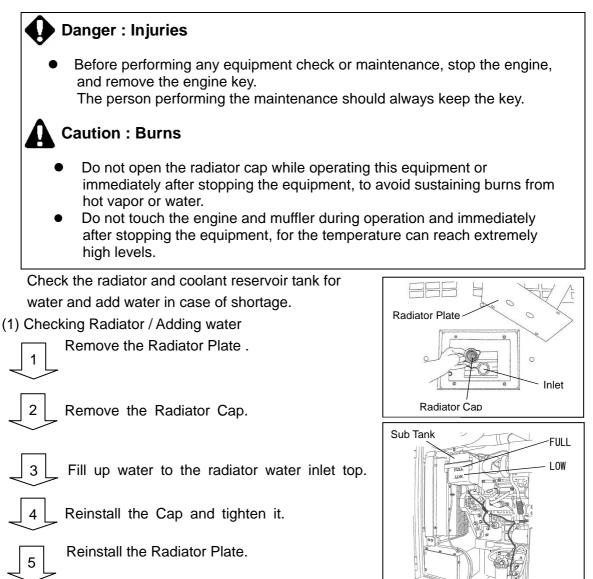
(Unit: Liter)

| Lubrication Oil (including the oil in filter) | |
|-----------------------------------------------|--|
| 13.2 (1.1) | |
| | |

Value in () shows the oil in filter

8-2. Checking Coolant / Water

※ Refer to the User's Manual for Engine also.



(2) Checking coolant in Sub Tank / Adding coolant



Check to see if the water/coolant level is between FULL and LOW line in the Sub Tank.



Fill up to the FULL line, if the water/coolant level is low.

<Caution>

- Use soft water, such as tap water.
- If the outside temperature is near freezing, use Long Life Coolant (LLC)(30% mixture LLC is used, when shipped from factory).
- Use same type of coolant with identical mixture ratio for the Sub Tank.
- Mixture ratio of the coolant should be between 30 to 50%, depending on the ambient temperature.
- When replenishing LLC, be sure to use the same brand as the LLC left in the Radiator and Sub Tank.
- Never use the mixed LLC by different brands or specifications.
- Replace LLC every 2 years or 1000 hours.

Mixture ratio (for reference only) :

| Ambient temperature | -15°C | -23°C | -35°C |
|------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Mixture ratio | 30% | 40% | 50% |

(3) Coolant Volume

Unit: L

| | Total Coolant Volume (including Sub Tank) |
|---|--------------------------------------------|
| | 17 (1.5) |
| - | The value of () chows the Cub Tenk values |

The value of () shows the Sub Tank volume.

8-3. Checking Fan Belt

※ Refer to the user's manual for Engine separately also.



- Before performing any equipment check or maintenance, stop the engine, and remove the engine key. The person performing the maintenance should always keep the key.
- Close and lock all doors during operating this equipment, to avoid injuries by unintentionally touching cooling fan and fan belt.

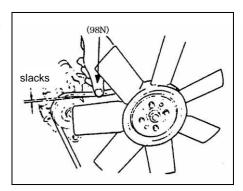
Caution : Burns

- Do not touch the engine and muffler during operation and immediately after stopping the equipment, for the temperature can reach extremely high level.
- (1) Fan Belt Tension

The tension is proper when the fan belt has 8 to 12mm slacks, when applying a finger pressure (about 98N {approximately 10kgf}) at midpoint between fan pulley and Alternator Pulley.

(2) Condition

Check for any damage on the Fan Belt. Replace if necessary.



<Caution>

• Refer to the <User's manual for Engine> for adjusting and replacing of the Fan Belt.

8-4. Checking fuel

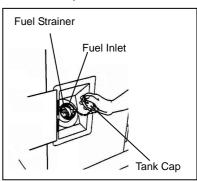


- Always wipe any drip of Diesel fuel or oil.
- Do not use this equipment when a leak is found. Repair the equipment before use.

Check for the fuel level in the tank. Add if necessary.

<Caution>

- Use Diesel fuel, ASTM D975 No.2-D in the event ambient temperature reaches down to -5°C.
- Always use the Diesel Fuel Strainer
- Fill the fuel tank slightly less than the FULL tank level.
- The engine is designed to use either No.1-D or No.2-D Diesel fuel. However, for economical purpose, use No.2-D Diesel fuel whenever possible at the temperature less than -7°C, No.2-D fuel may pose operating problems. At the much colder temperature, use No.1-D fuel (if available) or use winterized No.2-D (blend of 1-D and 2-D).



This blended fuel is usually called also No.2-D. It can be used in colder temperature than N0.2-D fuel, which has not been winterized. Check with service station operator to be sure you can get the proper blend fuel.

• Fuel requirements:

NOTICE: The fuel injection pump, injector or other parts of the fuel system and engine can be damaged if you use any fuel or fuel additive other than those specifically recommended by Isuzu. Such damage is not our responsibility, and is not covered by the Warranty. To help avoid fuel system or engine damage, please heed the following:

- Some service stations mix used engine oil with diesel fuel. Some manufacturers of large diesel engines allow this; however, for your diesel engine, do not use the diesel fuel which has been contaminated with engine oil. Besides causing engine damage, such fuel can also affect emission control. Before using any diesel fuel, check with the service station operator to see if the fuel has been mixed with engine oil.
- Do not use any fuel additive. At the time this manual was printed, no other fuel additive was recommended. (See your authorized dealer to find out if this has changed.)

8-5. Checking Fuel, Engine Oil, and Coolant leakage

Caution : Fire

• Never use this equipment when a leak is found. Repair the equipment first of all.

Be sure to check for any fuel leak at the fuel hose connections, and oil and coolant leak by opening Side Doors.

8-6. Checking Battery

Caution : Injuries to eyes and skin

• Battery fluid contains diluted sulfuric acid. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or on clothing. If the acid comes in contact, especially with eyes, flush with a lot of water, and contact physician or doctor immediately.

Caution: Explosion

- When the liquid level is below the LOWER level, never use the equipment nor recharge battery.
- Battery may emit some combustible gas, so keep it away from fire and sparks.



Check the fluid level. If the level is near or lower than the LOWER LEVEL, add distilled water until the fluid level reaches the UPPER LEVEL limit.



Make sure that the battery cables are firmly secured to the posts. Tighten the clamps more if necessary.

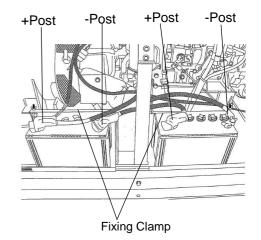
<Caution>

• Check the hydrometer of the battery fluid. If it falls below 1.23, the battery requires recharging. Please call our authorized distributor or our engineering section.

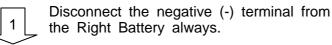
Replacing the Battery

<Caution>

 Dual batteries has been connected in a series. Always follow the below instruction when replacing the Battery or Remove the Battery cables to avoid Battery short circuit.



(1) Replacing the Right (R) side Battery



Disconnect the positive (+) terminal from the R Battery.

Disconnect the negative (-) terminal from the Left side L Battery.

Disassemble the fixing clamp of the R Battery.



2

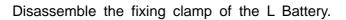
3

4

Remove the R Battery.

- ※Reinstall a new Battery in the reverse order (always install the cable to the positive (+) post of the new Battery first).
- (2) Replacing the Left (L) Battery

Disconnect the positive (+) terminal from the L Battery.





2

Remove the L Battery.

Reinstall a new Battery in the reverse order (always install the cable to the positive (+) post of the new Battery first).

<Caution>

Make sure that the Battery cables are firmly secured to the posts.
 Tighten the clamps more if necessary.

Be careful to secure the removed cable are insulated and does not contact with terminal post to avoid electrical shock.

9-1. Initialization and Preparation

Danger : Suffocation from exhaust gas

 Exhaust fumes from the engine contains many elements harmful To humans. Do not operate this equipment in poorly ventilated area, such as inside a room or in a tunnel

Caution : Suffocation from exhaust gas

• Do not point the exhaust fume toward pedestrians or buildings.

Caution : Fire

- Temperature around muffler and exhaust can get extremely high levels. Keep any inflammable items (such as fuel, gas, paint, etc.) away from the equipment.
- Always operate this equipment on flat surface and, at least 1 meter away from any objects (wall, box, etc.).

Caution : Injuries

- Always place the equipment on a flat and stable surface, to keep the equipment from sliding.
- When starting the engine, turn off the connected equipment and set the circuit breaker to OFF position.

Turn every circuit breakers to OFF position.



1

Turn the Battery Isolator to ON position.

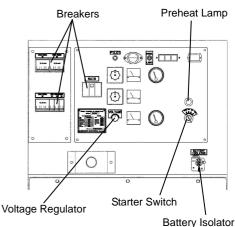
Set the Starter Switch to OPERATION / PREHEAT position.



Set the starter switch to START and start the engine immediately after the Preheat Lamp turns OFF from ON.

<Caution>

- Preheating time varies by coolant Temperature, usually within 25 seconds.
- Do not drive the starter motor more than 10 seconds successively.
- If you need to restart, wait at least 30 seconds before the retry.

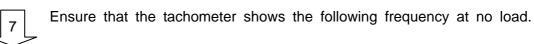


5

Release the Starter Switch, as soon as the engine is started

6

Keep the engine idle for about 5 minutes.



| | No Load Frequency (Revolving Speed) |
|----------|-----------------------------------------|
| 50Hz RUN | 52.5Hz (about) (1575min ⁻¹) |

<Caution>

• By setting frequency to the above frequency under no load, 50Hz(almost) will be obtained at the rated output load.

 Adjusting the Voltage Regulate Dial, set it to the required voltage.
 50Hz RUN 415V
 Turn the circuit breakers to ON to send power to the load side.
 Danger : Electric Shock / Injuries
 Before turning ELCB to ON to send power to the load side, always ensure that any circuit breaker and switch of loads are positioned to OFF. In the case the generator and the load are away from each other, proceed with the above steps, communicating well with the other person by the load in order to prevent from accident.

9-2. During Operation

(1) Post startup check

- Make sure that all meters (gauges) and displays are working properly. (Refer to 5. Equipment)
- Check for any unusual vibration or noise.
- Check for any unusual color from the exhaust. Under normal condition, the exhaust gas has no color or light bluish color.

<Caution>

- If finding out abnormality, consult with our authorized distributor or our engineering section in order to repair, without using the machine.
- (2) Adjustment during operation
 - Make subtle adjustment to voltage using the Voltage Regulate Dial, by monitoring Voltage Meter during operation.
- Extracting the air out of the fuelling system for engine stop due to no fuel
 ※Refer to the User's manual for Engine.

This generator is equipped with automatic extracting feature. Thus if the engine stops due to running out of fuel, follow the next steps to extract the air out.



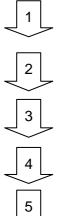
Add fuel to the fuel tank.

Turn the Starter Switch to RUN position. It will take approximately 30 seconds to extract the air out.

<Caution>

• In the case air is in the fuel line, the engine speeds is unstable. In the case, perform the vacuum again.

9-3. Stopping



Turn the switch on the equipment and the circuit breaker on the load to OFF.

Turn every circuit breaker to OFF position.

Keep the engine NORMAL SPEED on NO LOAD for about 3 minutes.

Turn the Starter Switch to STOP.

Turn the Battery Isolator to OFF.

9-4. Protection Feature

This equipment is equipped with automatic shutdown feature and display of the location of trouble, against trouble during operation. In the event of the automatic shutdown or alarm lamp flashing, turn off the engine and investigate the trouble shown by alarm lamp.

Protection Feature List

| No. | Abnorr | Action mality | ELCB Trip | Breaker Trip | Engine Automatic Shutdown | Warning Lamp Flash | Cause |
|------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | | High Water Temperature | _ | | 0 | 0 | Activates due to high water temperature in engine Default 105°C |
| 2 | Monitor Lamp | Low Oil Pressure | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | Activate due to low oil pressure in the engine Default 0.98×100kPa {1.0kgf/cm ² } |
| 3 | | Battery Charge Insufficient | _ | _ | _ | 0 | Activates in battery charge Impossible |
| 4 | Currer | nt Leakage | 0 | _ | - | Ι | Activates in current leakage |
| 5 Overload | | _ | 0 | — | _ | Activates in overload | |

 \times \odot indicates the automatic activation.

9-5. Connecting to External Fuel Tank

Caution

- Always stop the engine, when working on the fuel line.
- Always wipe any drip of Diesel fuel or oil. Do not use this equipment when a leak is found. Repair the equipment before use.
- Ensure that there is no fuel leakage on the fuel line after the fuel line working finished.

Turn the 3-way valve lever to A position. (Installed tank use position)



Disconnect the P/T 1/2 plugs from the External Fuel Intake and the External Fuel Return, and then connect the hoses from the External Fuel Tank, as shown below.



Turn the 3-way Valve Lever to B position.

(External tank use position)

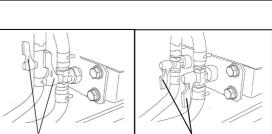


Extract the air out from the connected hoses.

By the above procedure, it makes possible to use an External Fuel Tank.

<Caution>

- Use always oil-proof hose in 8-10mm inner diameter as connecting hose.
- The fuel level in the external fuel tank should be 0 to 3m higher than the bottom of the equipment. Otherwise, it may cause engine malfunction or stoppage.

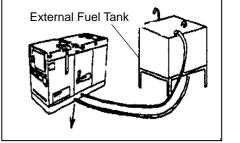


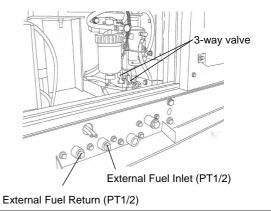
B side Lever Position

A side Lever Position

 To avoid any leak from the external fuel intake and return ports, always turn the lever for 3-way Valve to A position whenever piping work is performed.

- Use extreme caution when connecting the hoses. If the lever position is set improper, the fuel may leak from either the Built-in Fuel Tank or the External Fuel Tank.
- Set the fuel intake position 15-20mm above from the External Fuel Intake bottom line, otherwise water or garbage in the tank may come into the fuel line.
- In order to avoid engine malfunction due to air suction, set the fuel return at the same level as the fuel intake level in the External Tank.
- Refer air extraction to [¶]9-2. During Operation_J





 Just after having connected to External Fuel Tank, there may be a case that engine speed is unstable and engine stops due to insufficient air extraction. Therefore, be sure to confirm that the air is extracted completely and the engine speeds keeps stable before leaving the equipment under people-less operation.

10 Check / Maintenance

Danger : Electric Shock/Injuries

 Before performing any equipment check or maintenance, stop the engine, and remove the engine key. The person performing the maintenance should always keep the key.



Caution : Fire/Burns

• When checking engine, always stop the engine, and keep away from fire. Wait until the engine cools down, before performing any checks.

Caution : Fire

 Always wipe any drip of fuel or oil. Do not use this equipment when a Leak is found. Repair the equipment before use.

To optimize the use of this generator, we recommend the periodical equipment checks and maintenance, based on following maintenance matrix. Use the hour meter as a guide for the operating time.

- The authorized technicians only should perform all maintenance work, except for the pre-startup checks.
- Request for the maintenance items with

 mark to our authorized dealer or our engineering section.
- This chart only covers the simple checks and maintenance as for the engine. For more detailed guide, please refer to the User's Manual for the engine.
- Always use our genuine parts only for replacement.

| Description | Startup check | Every 200hrs | Every 400hrs | Every 500hrs | Every 1000hrs |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Engine Side | | | | | |
| Clean each parts / tightening | 0 | | | | |
| Engine oil checks / add oil | 0 | | | | |
| Engine oil change (1 st time at 50 hr mark) | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Oil Filter change (1 st time at 50 hr mark) | 0 | | 0 | | |
| Coolant level check / add coolant | 0 | | | | |
| Exhaust color check | 0 | | | | |
| Coolant change | | | | | ⊖ or 2 yr. |
| Drain excess water and sediments in the water separator | 0 | ⊖ Clean | | | |
| Drain water from Fuel Filter or replace | | 0 | | 0 | |
| | | Clean | | Replace | |
| Drain water from Fuel Tank | | 0 | | | |
| Clean water separator and clean Gauze Filter in Engine Feed Pump | | | | ⊖ Clean | |
| Change filter in the Magnet Pump for air extraction in fuel line | | | | | ୦ Replace |
| Clean inside Fuel Tank | | | | | • |
| Leak check (fuel, oil, and coolant) | 0 | | | | |
| Replacing fuel hose | | | | | ● or 1 yr. |
| Clean or replace Air Cleaner Element | | ⊖ Clean | | ୦ Replace | |
| Battery fluid level check | 0 | | | | |
| Battery hydrometer check | | | | 0 | |
| Fan Belt check | 0 | | | | |
| Radiator Flush Cleaning | | | | • | |
| Check and adjust Engine Valve clearance | | | | | • |
| Compression check | | | | | • |
| Fuel injection nozzle check | | | • | | |
| Fuel injection timing check | | | | | • |
| Generator side | | | 1 | 1 | |
| Various meter and alarm lamps check | 0 | | | | |
| Operation check of ELCB | 0 | | | | |
| Grounding resistance check | 0 | | | | |
| Insulation test | | 0 | | | |

(1) Change engine oil

| Initial | 50 hours | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| 2 nd and after | Every 200 hours | | |



Remove the Oil Filler Cap.

Remove the Oil Drain Plug and then turn The Oil Drain Lever to OPEN and drain engine oil.



Turn the Oil Drain Lever to CLOSE and tighten the Oil Drain Plug.



Add oil through oil filler to fill it up to the MAX level while checking the oil level on the oil level gauge.



Tighten the Oil Filler Cap.

<Caution>

 For the volume and the type of engine oil to use and to replace, refer to [®]8-1. Checking Engine Oil[®].

(2) Oil Filter Change

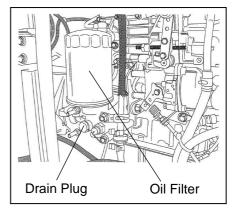
| Initial | 50 hours |
|---------------------------|-----------------|
| 2 nd and after | Every 400 hours |



Drain the engine oil fully, as described - in (1) CHANGE ENGINE OIL.



Loosen and remove the oil filter, using an oil filter wrench.

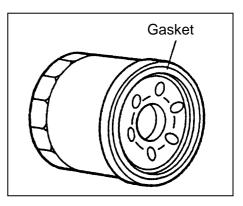


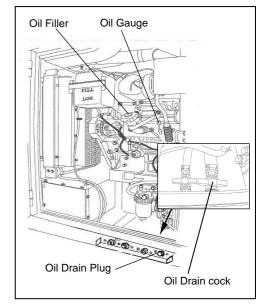


Smear a little engine oil on the rubber gasket of the new oil filter.

Screw a new filter into place and tighten - it by hand until the gasket contacts the seat. Then, give it additional 2/3 turns, using an oil filter wrench after the gasket touch the seal surface.

5 Supply engine oil.





<Caution>

- If an oil filter wrench is not at hand, contact our authorized distributor or our engineering section to replace.
- Oil Filter Part No.
 Isuzu Part No.
 8943212190
- (3) Cleaning / Changing Air Filter Element

| Clean | Every 200 hours | | |
|--------|-----------------|--|--|
| Change | Every 500 hours | | |

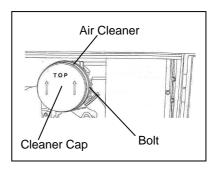
Loosen the Air Cleaner Fixing Bolt and remove the Cleaner Cap.

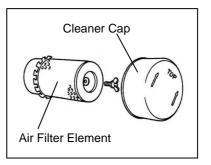


Loosen the Wing Bolt and remove the Air Filter Element.



Clean or change an Air Filter Element and reinstall it in the reverse order.



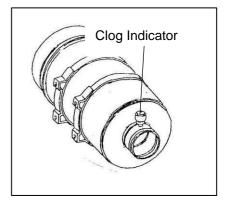


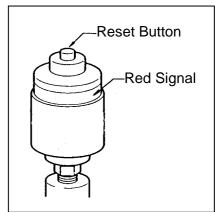
<Caution>

- Always make sure that the arrow mark on the Cleaner Cap is pointing upward.
- Clean more frequently, if the equipment used in dusty environment
- Element Part No.
 Isuzu Part No. 9142151351
- Clean Air Filter Element
 <Dried contaminants adhered>
 Blast the compressed air to Element from inside.
 <Carbon and oil adhered>
 Change to a new Filter.
- Clog Indicator

The clog indicator to display clog in the Air Filter Element is incorporated to air filter unit.

- Whenever RED SIGNAL appears in the indicator window, clean or change Element regardless of operation hour.
- After cleaning or changing finishes, push the reset button to release the RED SIGNAL.





(4) Drain water in the Water Sedimentor

| Check | Startup | | |
|-------|-----------------|--|--|
| Clean | Every 200 hours | | |

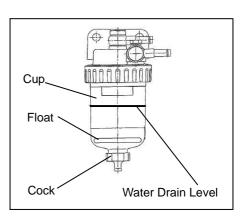
When a float (red) in the cup is floating at drain level, drain water.



Loosen the Cock.



After draining finishes, tighten the Cock.



<Caution>

2

3

5

6

- After draining finishes, extract the air in fuel line. (Refer to ["]9-2.During Operation_".)
- (5) Maintenance of the Fuel Filter

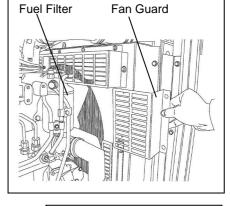
| Drain | Every 200 hours | | |
|--------|-----------------|--|--|
| Change | Every 500 hours | | |

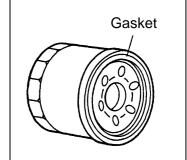
Loosen the fixing screw of the Fan Guard located on the side of the Fuel Filter. Remove the Fan Guard.

Disassemble Fuel Filter using ilter wrench.

Drain the remaining water from the Filter.

Apply little amount of the diesel fuel onto new Fuel Filter Gasket.





Tighten the Fuel Filter using finger until the filter gently seated to the bracket,

Then tighten the Filter 2/3 rotation using fuel filter wrench.

Reassemble the Fan Guard to the original position with fixing screw.

- Do not operate the generator without reassembling the Fan Guard to avoid injury.
- After draining finishes, extract the air in fuel line. (Refer to [®]9-2.During Operation₁.)
- Fuel Filter Part No.
 Isuzu Part No.
 1132400791

(7) Clean Gauze Filter in Water Separator

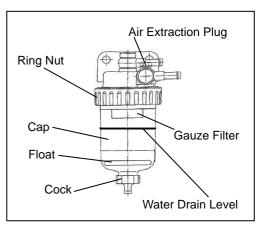
| Clean | Every 500 hours | |
|-------|-----------------|--|
| | - | |

Loosen the Cock and then loosen the air extraction plug.



2

Turn the ring nut counter-clockwise to remove the cup and the Gauze Filter after the fuel inside does not come out from the lever.





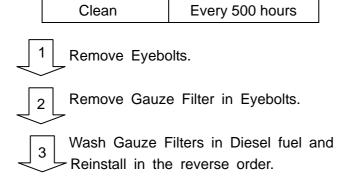
Wash the Gauze Filter in Diesel fuel and reinstall the unit in the reverse order.

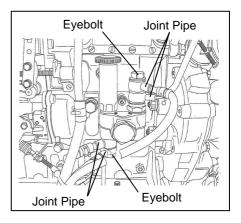
| Tightening Torque | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Ring Nut 15Nm{1.5kgfm} | | | |
| Air Extraction Plug 10Nm{1.0kgfm} | | | |

<Caution>

- Clean the Filter more frequently as Gauze Filter is clogged in shorter period when using the fuel from the oil drum than other fuel source.
- Put a tray under the lever in order to catch spilled fuel when loosing the lever.
- Extract the air in fuel line after Gauze Filter washing finishes. (Refer to ^[9]9-2.During Operation₁.)
- Ensure that there is no fuel leakage after reinstallation.

(8) Clean Gauze Filter in Engine Feed Pump





| Eyebolt tightening torque | 24.5Nm {2.5kgfm} |
|---------------------------|------------------|
|---------------------------|------------------|

- Put a tray under the lever in order to catch spilled fuel when loosing the lever.
- Gaskets are attached to both ends of joint pipe. Be careful not to lose and install them in the unit without fail.

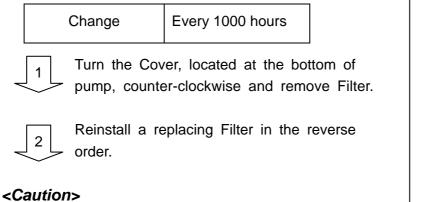
- Change both Gauze Filter and eyebolt when Gauze Filter is damaged.
- Extract the air in fuel line after Gauze Filter washing finishes.

(Refer to "9-2.During Operation] .)

- Ensure that there is no fuel leakage after reinstallation.
- Eyebolt Part No. (Gauze Filter included)

| Isuzu Part No. | 8970631550 |
|----------------|------------|
| | |

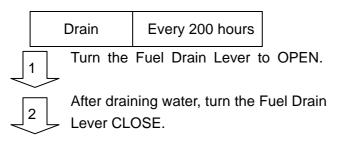
(9) Change Filter in the Magnet Pump for automatic fuel extraction

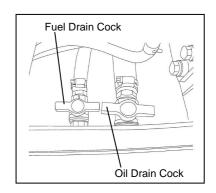


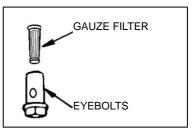
- Put a tray under the lever in order to catch spilled fuel when changing Filter.
- Extract the air in fuel line after filter changing finishes. (Refer to [®]9-2.During Operation₁.)
- Ensure that there is no fuel leakage after reinstallation.
- Filter Part No.

| 943370220 |
|-----------|
| (|

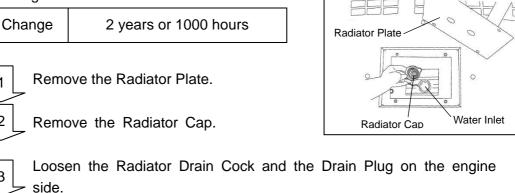
(10) Drain water in fuel tank







MAGNET PUMP FILTER COVER (11) Change Coolant





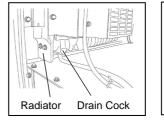
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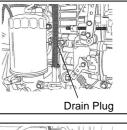
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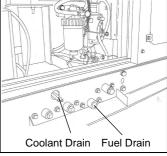
After draining finishes, tighten the Radiator Drain Cock and the Drain Plug on the engine side.

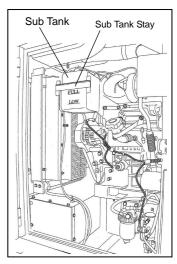
Remove the Sub Tank Stay

and drain coolant in the Sub Tank.











5

Reinstall the Sub Tank and fill coolant up to FULL level.



Fill coolant into Radiator up as far as the water inlet level.



Tighten the Radiator Cap.



Reinstall the Radiator Plate.

<Caution>

Refer Coolant to "8-2. Checking Coolant/Water..... •

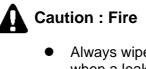
11 Long-term storage

Danger : Electric Shock/Injuries

Before performing any equipment check or maintenance, stop the engine, and remove the engine key. The person performing the maintenance should always keep the key.

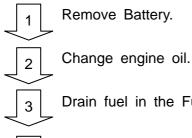
Caution : Fire/Injuries

- Temperature around muffler and exhaust can get extremely high levels. Keep any inflammable items (such as fuel, gas, paint, etc.) away from the equipment.
- When checking engine, always stop the engine, and keep away from fire. Wait until the engine cools down, before performing any checks.



- Always wipe any drip of Diesel fuel or oil. Do not use this equipment when a leak is found. Repair the equipment before use.
- (1) Storage Procedures

If the generator will not be used for more than two months, perform the following maintenance and storage procedures.



Remove Battery.

Drain fuel in the Fuel Tank and Fuel Filter.



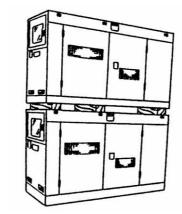
Clean all parts, cover the equipment, and store it in the place where dust and humidity are less as possible.

- Charge the removed Battery once a month.
- Refer to the owner's manual for engine about the engine storage/maintenance. •

Danger : Injuries

If you have to stack two generators at warehouse, always proceed with the following steps.

- Ensure that there is no dent on bonnet, loose bolt or no bolt in the equipment.
- Always place the equipment horizontal on a flat and stable surface to be endurable for the total weight, and to keep the equipment from sliding.
- When lifting the equipment, always use a lift hook.
- Always place ties (sleepers) on the lower equipment firstly and then stack the upper equipment on it. All the ties should be the same size (dimension) and longer than the width of the lower generator.
- Do not stack more than 2 units. The lower generator should be bigger than the upper generator in size and weight.
- Do not operate the stacking/stacked equipment.



12 Troubleshooting

Danger : Electric Shock

- Do not operate the equipment, if the equipment or you are wet.
- Before performing any equipment check or maintenance, stop the engine.

Caution : Injuries

• When performing equipment check and maintenance, always stop the engine.

Caution: Fire/Burns

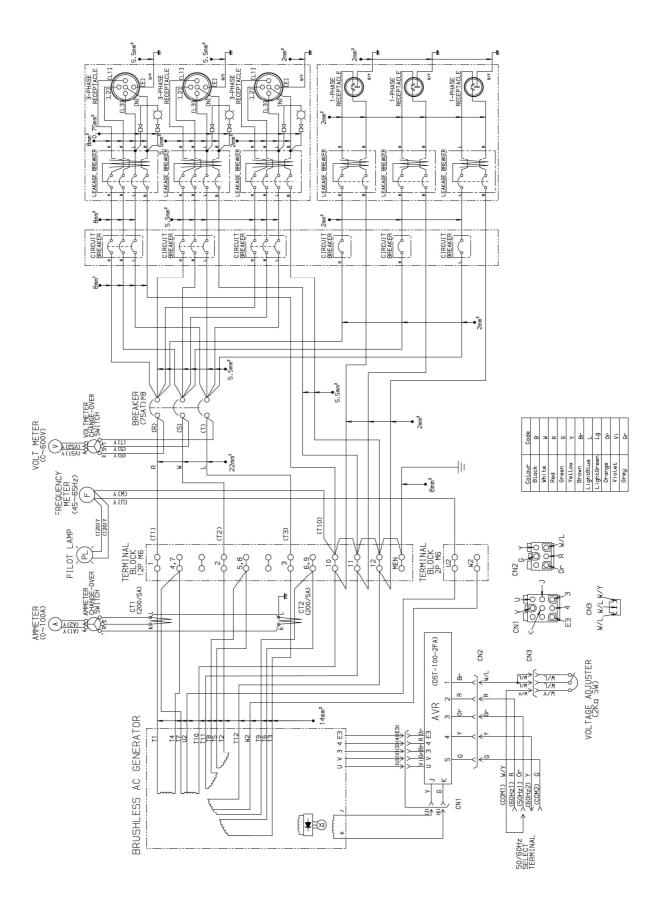
- Never get fire near to the equipment.
- When checking engine oil or changing oil, always stop the engine, and wait until the engine cools down.
 If you open either the oil gauge or the oil filler cap during operation, hot oil may cause some injury.

Follow the guideline below, when performing any troubleshooting. If you cannot resolve the problems by this troubleshooting guide, contact our authorized distributor or our engineering section to request the repair.

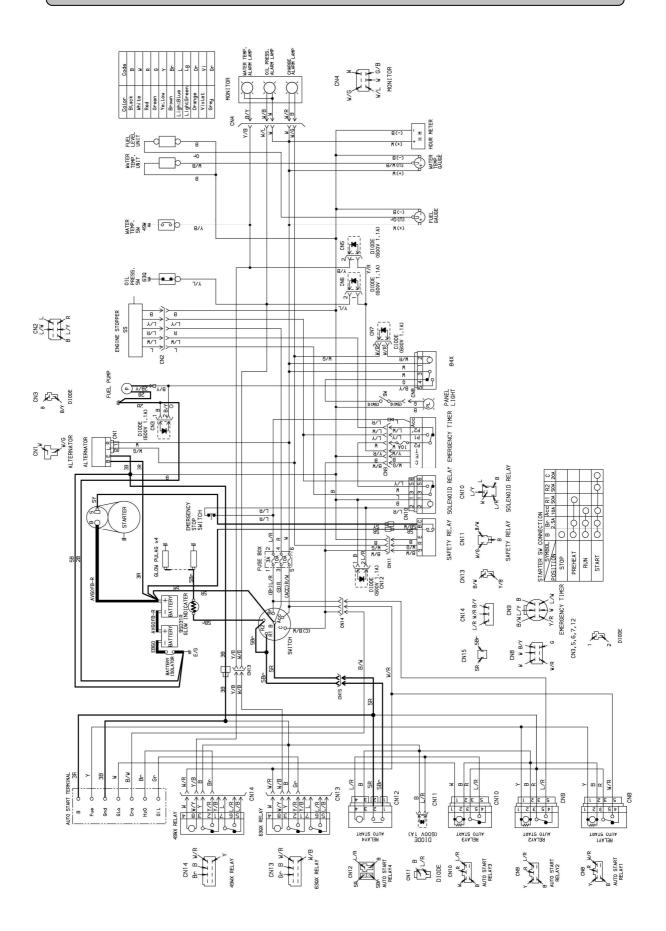
| | Symptom | | Presumable Cause | | Action |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|----------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------------------------------|
| | Starter motor does not | 1. | Battery Isolator is OFF | 1. | Turn Battery Isolator to ON |
| | drive or speed is low. | 2. | Battery output is weak | 2. | Check / battery liquid/ or |
| | | 3. | Battery is deteriorated | | Charge |
| | | 4. | Battery terminal is OFF or loose | 3. | Change battery |
| | | 5. | Battery terminal is corroded | 4. | Fix / Tighten terminal |
| | | 6. | Starter switch or relay is | 5. | Clean terminal |
| | | | defective | 6. | Ask our distributor to repair |
| | | 7. | Starter motor is defective | 7. | Ask our distributor to repair |
| t | Starter motor drives | 1. | Fuel is insufficient | 1. | Add fuel |
| sta | but engine does not | 2. | Fuel filter is clogged | 2. | Clean / Change fuel filter |
| not | start | 3. | Gauze Filter is clogged | 3. | Clean / Change Gauze Filter |
| Engine does not start | | 4. | Water is interfused in fuel line | 4. | Drain water in water separator, fuel filter or fuel |
| gine | | 5. | Air is interfused in fuel line | | tank |
| ЕÚ | | 6. | Poor piping connection to | 5. | Extract the air |
| | | | external fuel tank | 6. | Check piping connection |
| | | 7. | Fuel Tank Selector Lever | 7. | check lever (3-way valve) |
| | | | (3-way valve) position is | 8-1 | . Check / Change fuse |
| | | | wrong | 8-2 | . Check / Change fuel cut |
| | | 8. | Fuel cut solenoid (motor) does | | solenoid |
| | | | not work | | |
| | <ambient td="" temperature<=""><td>1.</td><td>Fuel is frozen</td><td>1.</td><td>Use winterized fuel</td></ambient> | 1. | Fuel is frozen | 1. | Use winterized fuel |
| | falls down below zero> | 2. | Water in fuel line is frozen | 2. | Drain water in fuel line |
| | | 3. | Pre-heater is defective | 3. | Ask our distributor to repair |
| Engi | ne starts but stalls | 1. | Fuel filter is clogged | 1. | Clean / Change fuel filter |
| imme | ediately | 2. | Gauze Filter is clogged | 2. | Clean / Change Gauze Filter |
| | | 3. | Water is interfused in fuel line | 3. | Drain water in water separator, fuel filter or fuel |
| | | 4. | Air is interfused in fuel line | | tank |
| | | 5. | Poor piping connection to | 4. | Extract the air |
| | | | external fuel tank | 5. | Check piping connection |
| | | 6. | Air filter element is clogged | 6. | Check / Change air filter |
| | | 7. | Lubricant oil is insufficient | | element |
| | | | | 7. | Supply lubricant oil |
| Engi | ne oil pressure is low | 1. | Lubricant oil is insufficient | 1. | Supply lubricant oil |
| | | 2. | Oil filter is clogged | 2. | Change oil filter |
| | | 3. | Oil Pressure switch is | 3. | Ask our distributor to repair |
| | | | defective | | |
| | | 4. | Wrong oil is used | 4. | Change to proper kind and |
| | | | | | viscosity oil |
| Over | heated | 1. | Engine thermostat is | 1. | Ask our distributor to repair |
| | | | defective | 2. | Ask our distributor to repair |
| | | 2. | Water temp sensor is | 3. | Ask our distributor to repair |
| | | | defective | 4. | Check / Adjust fan belt |
| | | 3. | Water temp meter is defective | 5. | Check / Supply coolant |
| | | 4. | Fan belt tension is weak | 6. | Clean radiator core |
| | | 5. | Coolant is insufficient | | |
| | | 6. | Radiator core is clogged | | |

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13 Generator Circuit Diagram



14 Engine Circuit Diagram



YAMABIKO CORPORATION

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